

IMPORTANT - Information on Summer 2010 Standings

Determining Division Champions

Team coaches, managers, players and parents should note that the UAYSL Administrator and Board of Directors have worked with Demosphere to provide a better layout of division standings for the Summer 2010 season, but that we were unable to acquire the necessary Web protocols to represent the true division standings at this time. We are continuing to work with Demosphere designers and hope to be able to have the scheduling and division-layouts perfected by next season. Until then, please note the following:



- Flex Bracketing & Scheduling necessarily means that teams will not play an even number of division games, making the determination of age-group champions more difficult.
- For Summer 2010 and beyond, both boys' and girls' team standings will be shown on a single page at www.uaysl.org. Teams will be divided by flights and grouped with the other teams in their age division. Every team will be shown in its true-age division.
- For this summer, season records displayed will be the team's *overall record*, which includes flex games up and down, and which *does not* represent the actual age-division standings.
- Only the *age-division records* will be used to determine the champion of any particular age group. This means that only games played between teams of the same age division will count towards the division standings.* Because teams play an unequal amount of age-division games, however, standings will be determined by a points-per-game average, rather than total points gained (3 points for a win, 1 point for a draw, 0 points for a loss).
 - EXAMPLE—Team A plays six matches versus other teams from its true-age division, winning four, drawing one and losing one for an overall *division* record of 4-1-1 (13 points from six matches for a points-per-game average of 2.17).
 - Team B plays 9 matches versus other teams from its true-age division, winning six, drawing one and losing two, for an overall division record of 6-1-2 (19 points from 9 matches for a points-per-game average of 2.11).
 - In this scenario, despite the fact Team B has accumulated 19 age-division points to Team A's 13 points, Team A is the age-division champion by virtue of a higher points-per-game average.
- Because the overall standings reflected on the season page at www.uaysl.org will not be the true age-division standings, the UAYSL administrator and BOD president will manually calculate each team's division points-per-game average and post a separate division standings update to the website. This will be accomplished at least three times throughout the Summer 2010 season.
- Lastly, due to our change to flex schedules, if two teams are tied in division points-per-game average, the order of league tiebreakers will now be: Results from head-to-head competition, best Division goal differential, fewest Division goals-against, most Division goals scored.

*Note—Matches played out of division, while not used to determine division standings, are still important for teams, as they will be used as a factor in determining teams' flex percentages for the following summer schedule.